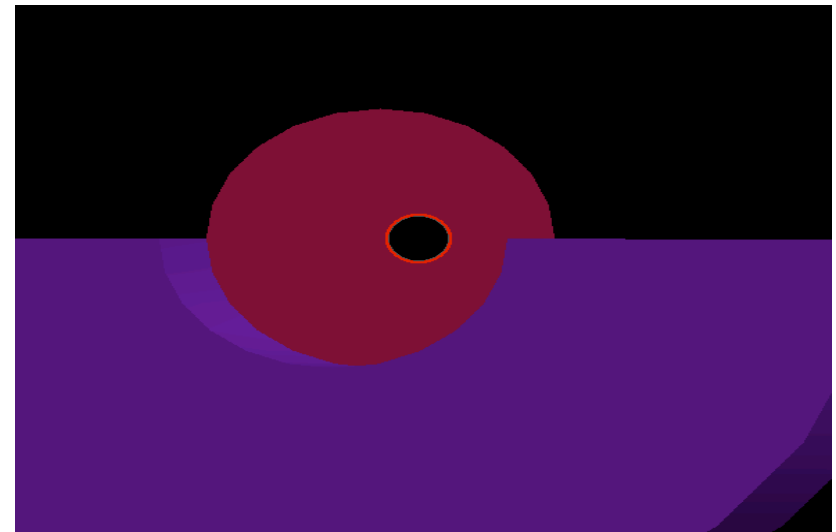
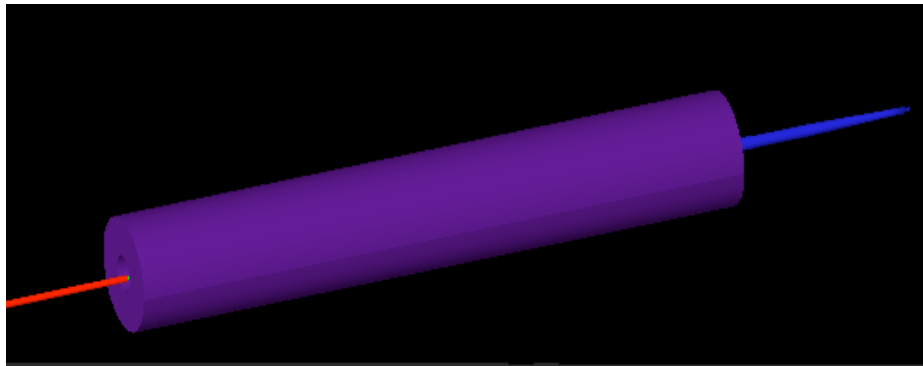
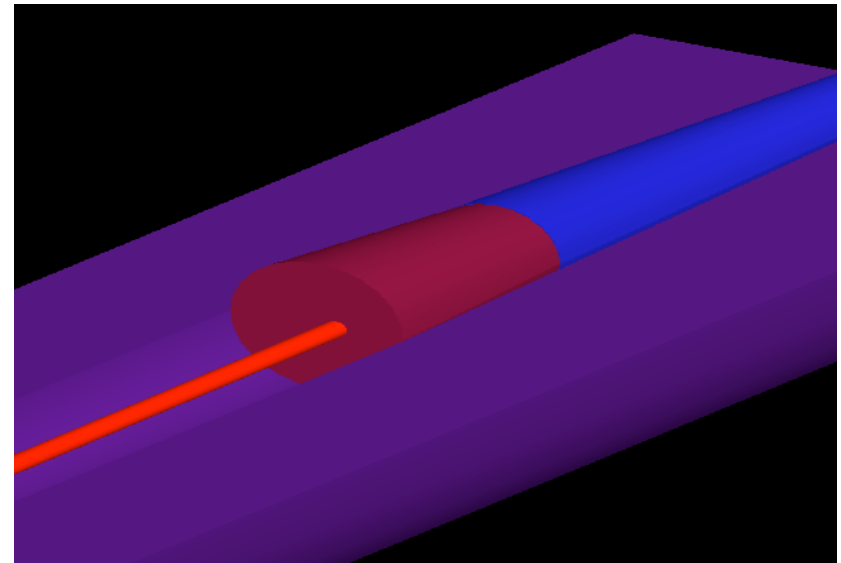
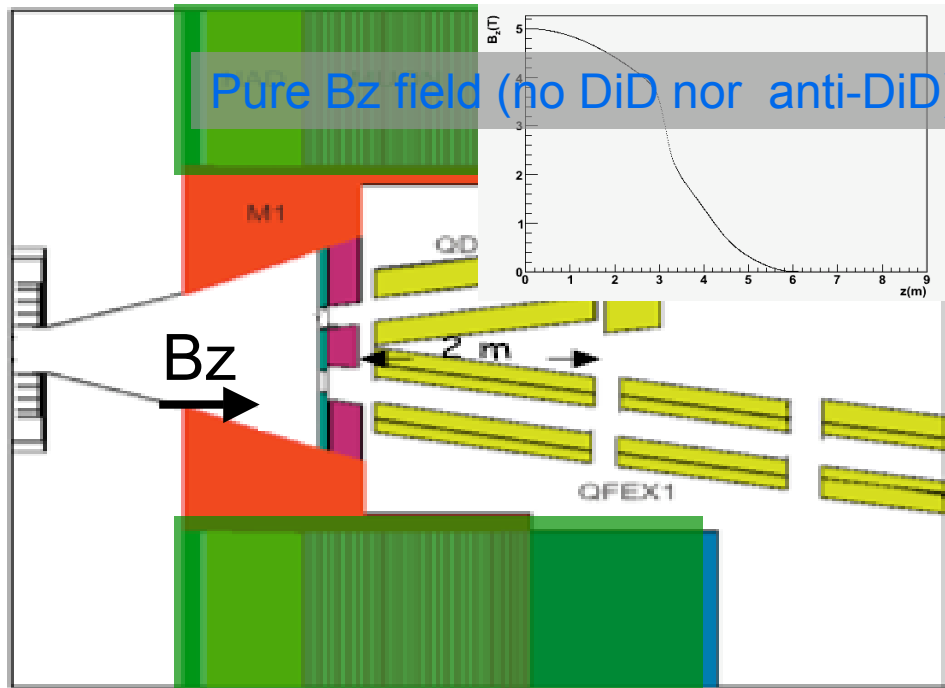


Backgrounds from beam losses in 20mrad extraction line and “SiD” concept detector

EUROTeV ILPS phone meeting

Olivier Dadoun
dadoun@lal.in2p3.fr

"SiD" detector concept

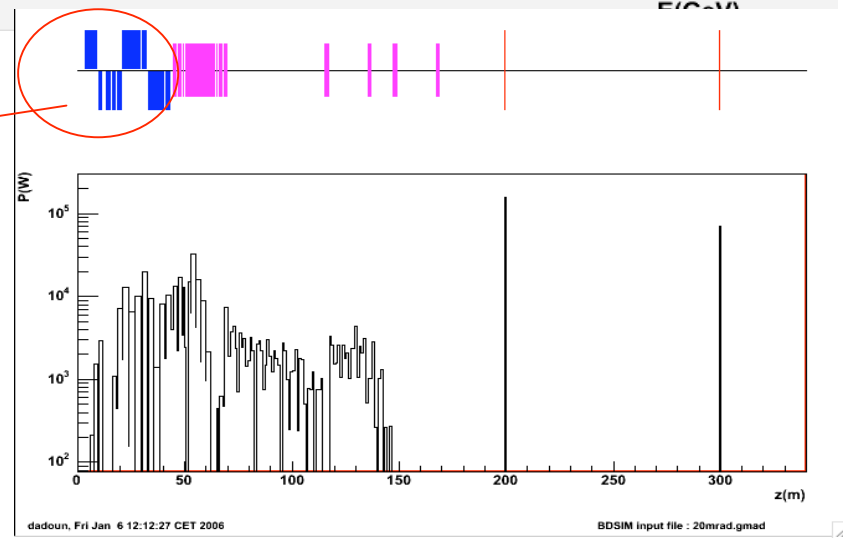
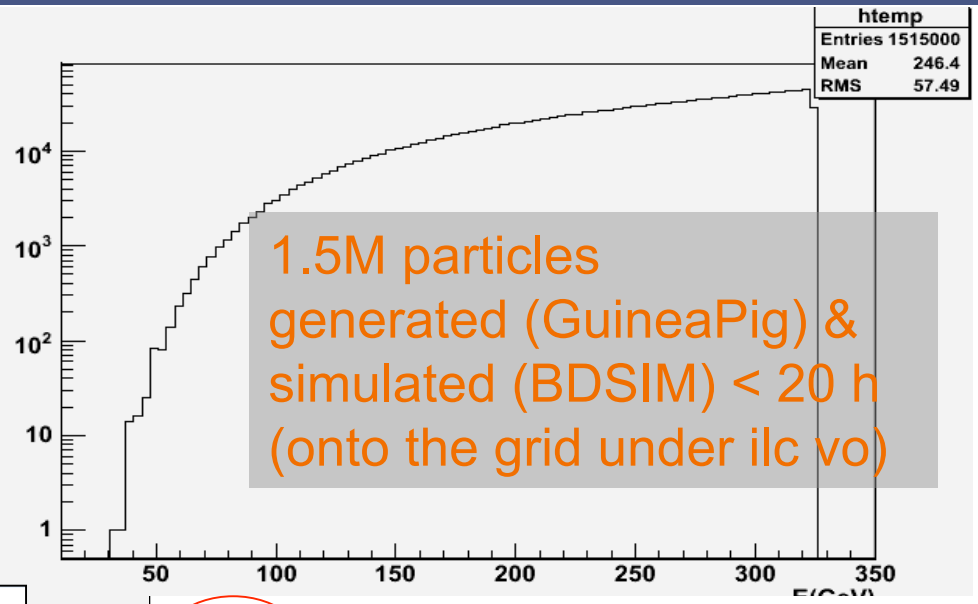
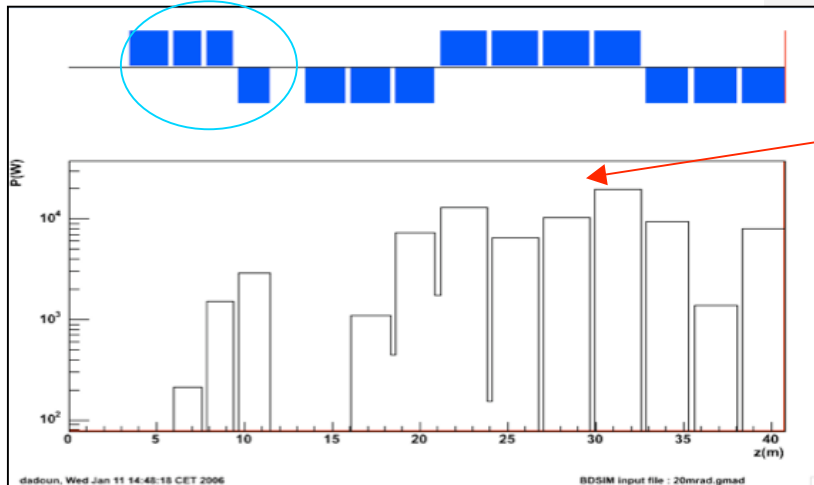




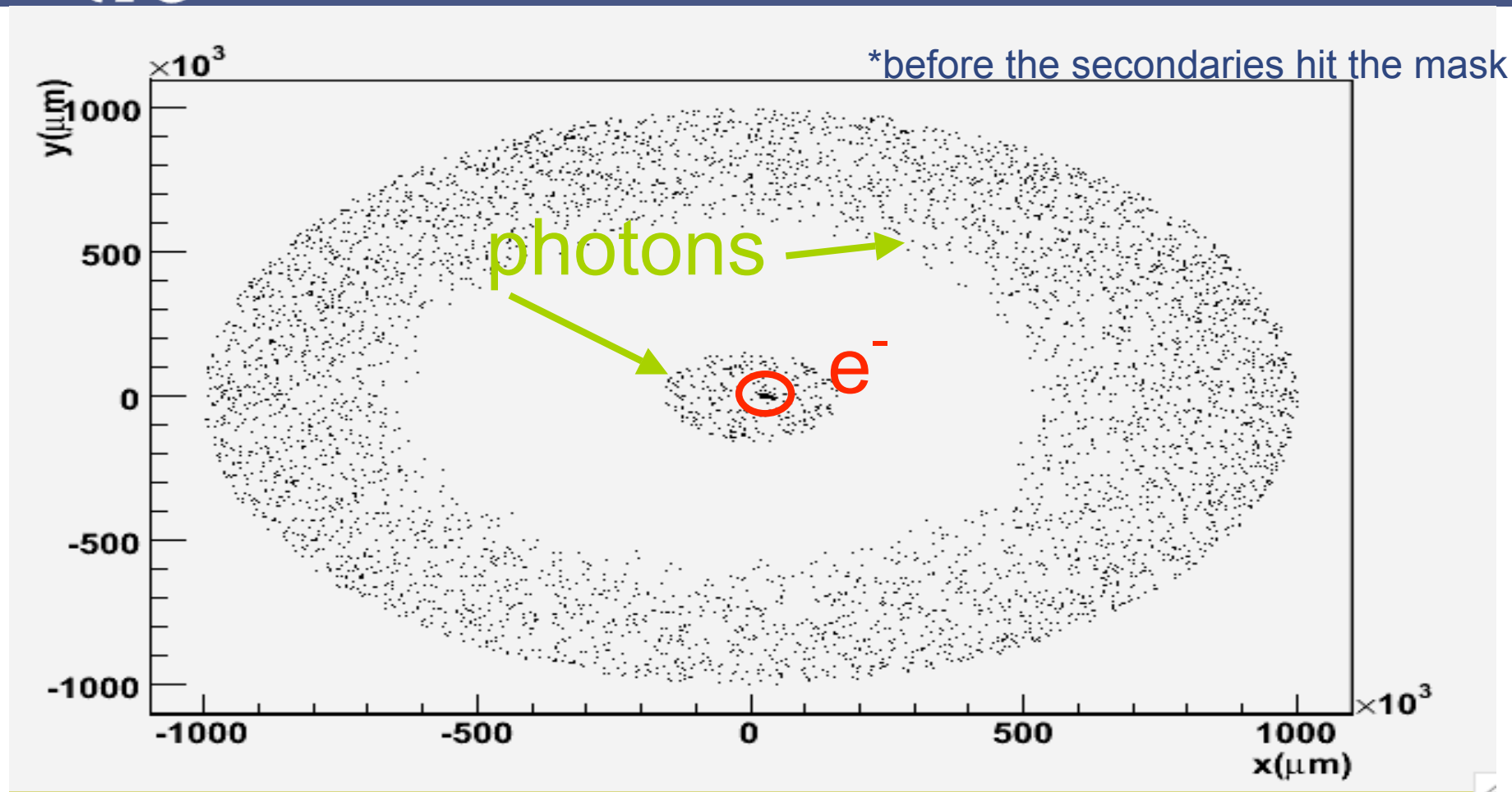
Backgrounds from beam losses in 20mrad extraction line

- To maximize the power losses and the secondaries I used the High luminosity beam parameters @ 1TeV machine with $dy=80$ nm beam offset (worst case not really realistic)

SC magnets



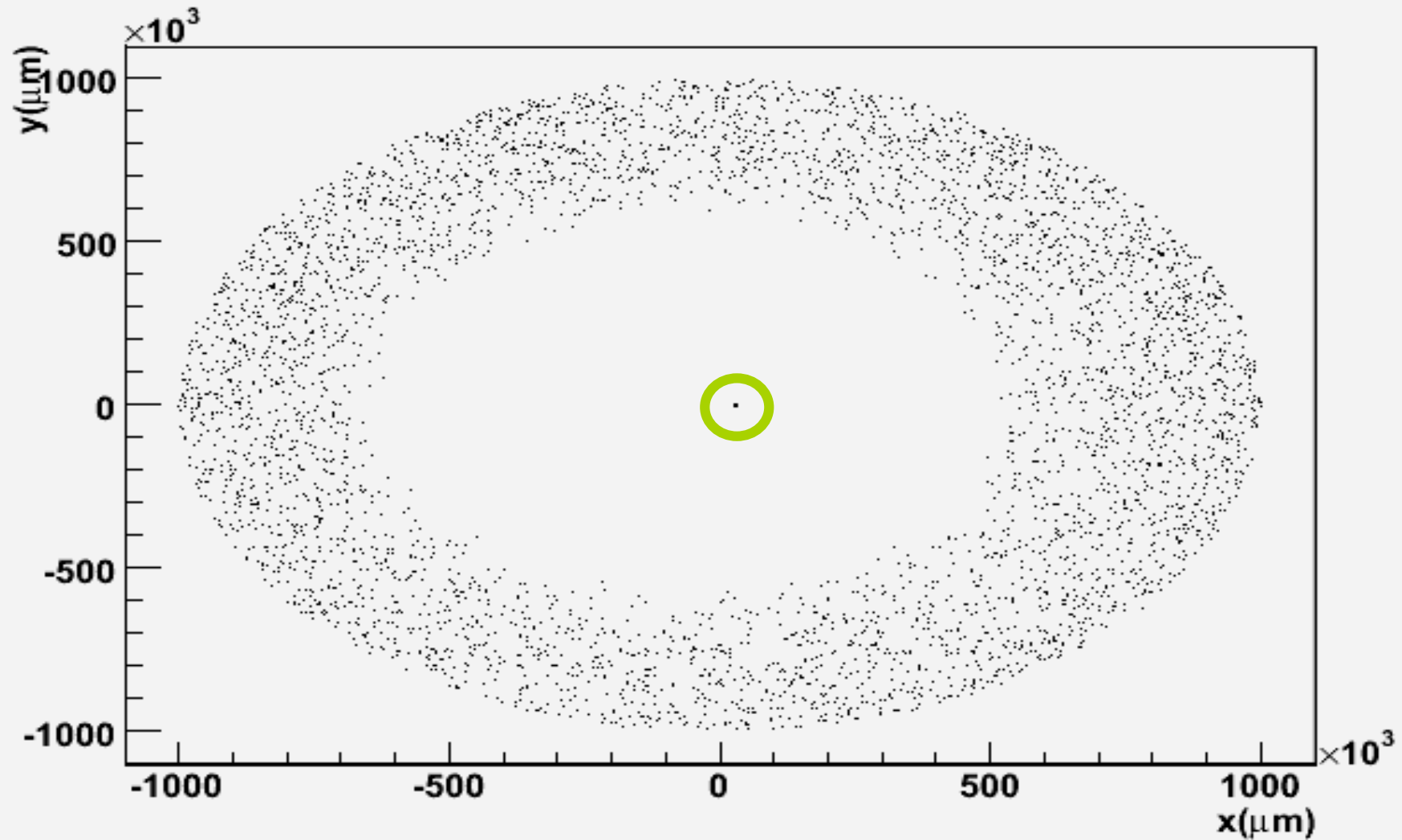
Backscattered particles @ 3.5m before* the mask



- 7602 backscattered particles:
 - 5267 photons, 2311 e^- & 24 e^+



Tungsten mask stop most of the photons
(center region)





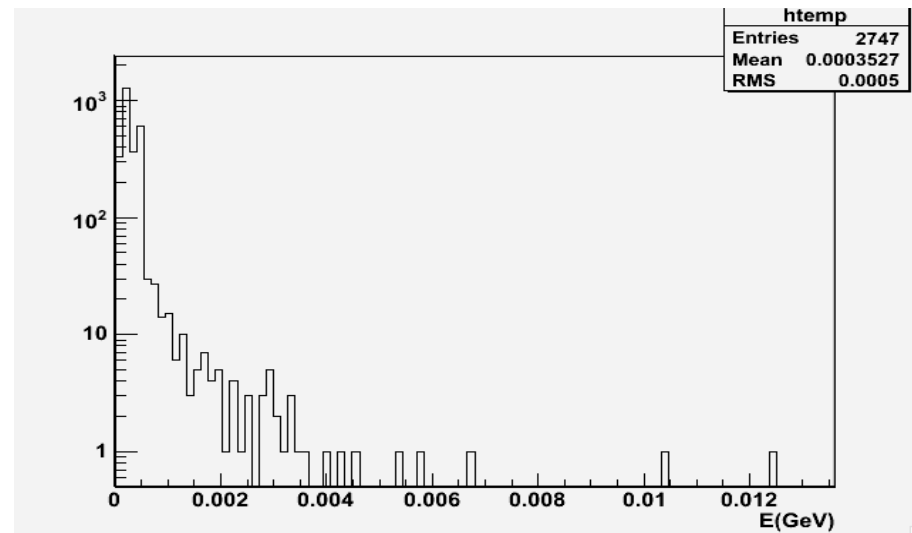
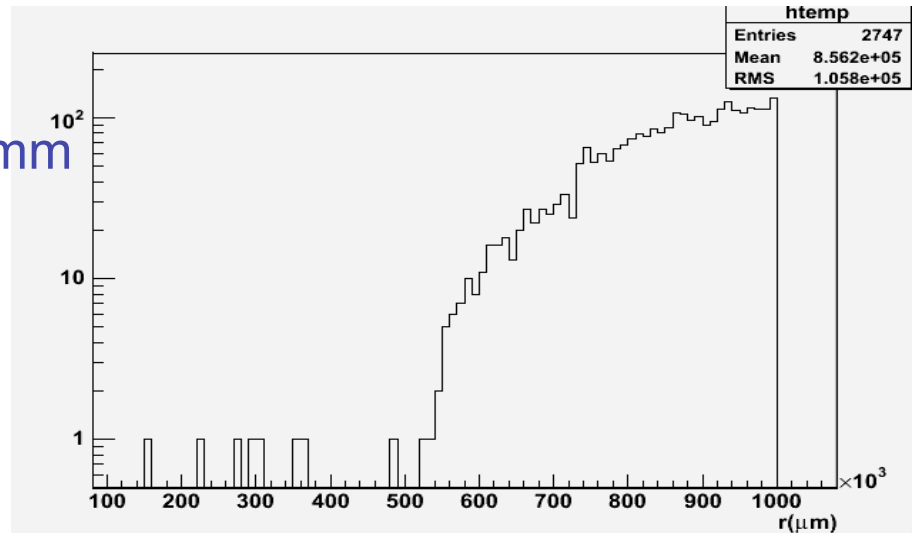
... But some of them can reach the detector

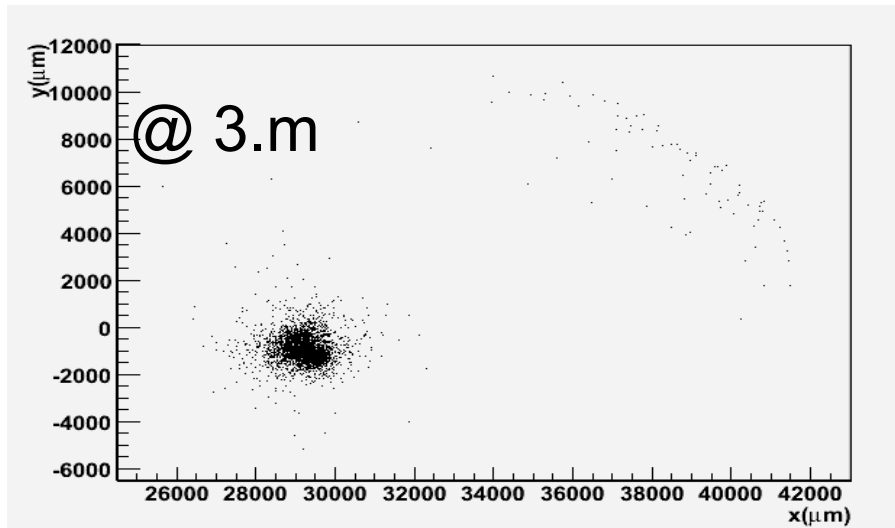
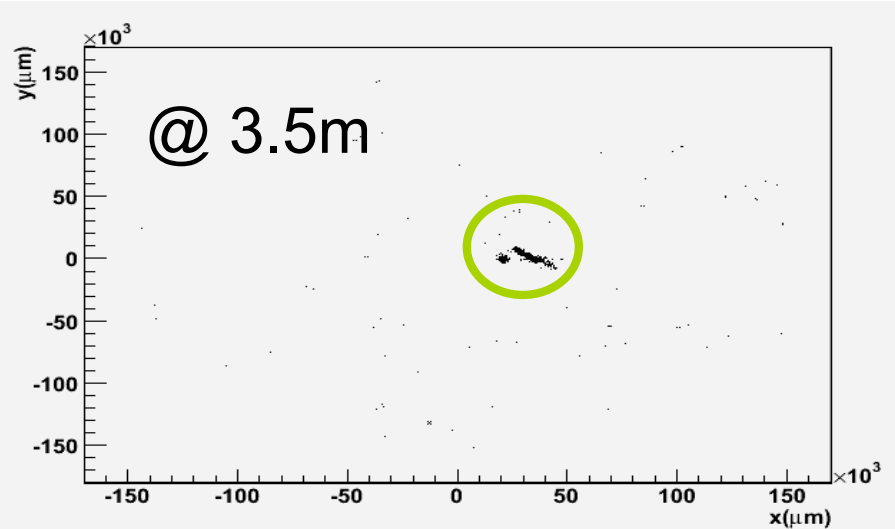
- If we consider the last layer @ 60mm
- 300 mm Si thickness
- 1% photoelectric ($E \sim 300\text{keV}$)

- Backgrounds hits in VDX
 $< 1 * (2 * 10^{10}) / 1.515 * 10^6 * 1\% = 132$

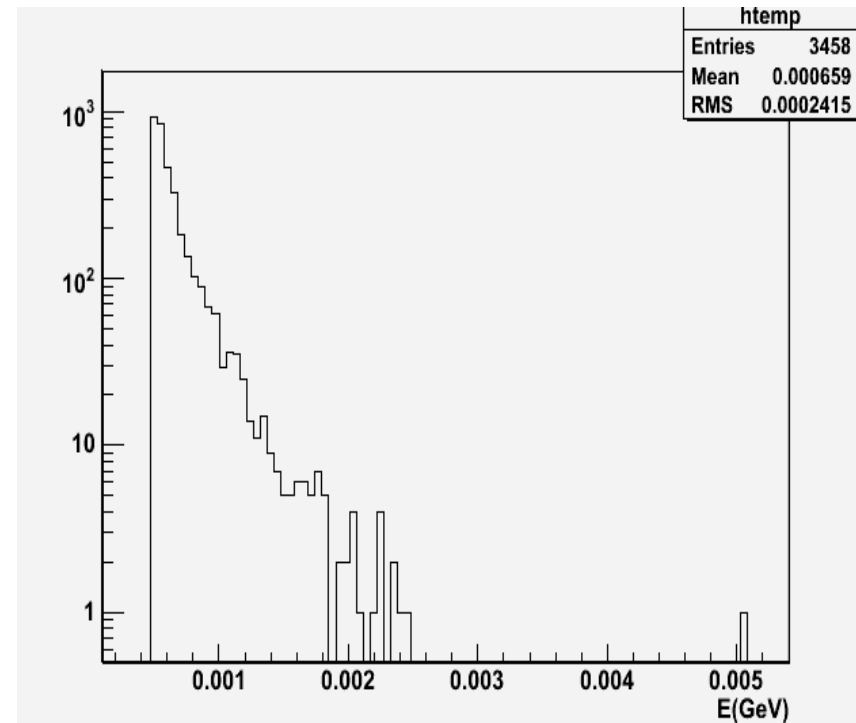
- To be compare to the 300 direct incoherent pairs hits ...

- Backgrounds hits the TPC ...





- 2mm of Aluminum beam pipe enough to stop 1MeV electrons
- no e^- can reach the VD





Conclusion and prospects

- BDSIM and GuineaPig onto Grid under ILC vo
- Backscattered not a problem
- Backgrounds will from photons generated along the extraction line ...

Future

- Take the full Mokka description
- Take into account the losses from the radiative Bhabhas
- Put the hadronic flag on
- Paper on an Abacus power in the case of the 2, 14 and 20 mrad extraction line, using different beam parameters set:

ILC extraction line Power losses Abacus
case of the 2, 14 and 20mrad crossing angle

authors: Andrei, Arnaud, Cecile, Deepa, Grahame, Ilya, John, Olivier, Philip, Rob, Yuri